

# MASSACHUSETTS POWER INFORMATION DISCLOSURE LABEL Q3 '20 – ARLINGTON COMMUNITY CHOICE AGGREGATION PROGRAM

#### **GENERATION PRICE**

Average price per kWh at different levels of use. Prices do not include regulated charges for customer service and delivery. The price you pay for generation is set forth in the town aggregation agreement of Arlington and Direct Energy Services, LLC. If you have any further questions about what you pay for electricity per kWh, please contact the Direct Energy Services, LLC customer service number below. The generation price will not vary based on the amount of electricity the customer uses.

# CUSTOMER SUPPORT CONTRACT

Contact the Town's consultants at 1-800-680-9180.

| Program<br>Generation Price      | Standard<br>Offering | 100%<br>Green<br>Optional | 50%<br>Green<br>Optional | Basic<br>Optional | Period            |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Standard/Optional Rate Customers | 11.029<br>¢/kWh      | 13.699<br>¢/kWh           | 12.199<br>¢/kWh          | 10.699<br>¢/kWh   | 12/2019 – 11/2022 |

Direct Energy Services, LLC (Town's electric supplier)

Toll-Free: 1-866-968-8065

Address: 12 Greenway Plaza, Ste. 250

Houston, TX 77046

(Web)www.directenerav.com / (Email)csdirectenerav@directenerav.com

For energy emergencies or general inquiries, please contact Eversource at (800) 592-2000.

You can also write to Eversource – Eversource, 247 Station Drive,

Westwood, MA 02090 or visit www.eversource.com.

| Power A  | Attribute Content - D | irect Energy Services, LLC                         |            | Regi                                 | onal Average Fuel Mix – 4/1/19 – 03/                         | 31/20                          |
|--|-----------------------|--|------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Arlington Local Green - Standard Rate                    |                       | Arlington Premium 100% Green -<br>Optional         |            | Year<br>2020                         | System Power Air-source Heat Pump                            | 0.09                           |
| Source   | Percentage            | Source   | Percentage | 2020                                 | Biogas   | 0.01                           |
| MA Renewable Portfolio Standard Requirements             | 27.71                 | MA Renewable Portfolio Standard Requirements       | 27.71      | 2020<br>2020<br>2020<br>2020<br>2020 | Biomass Coal Diesel Digester Gas                             | 2.28<br>0.74<br>0.53<br>0.09   |
| Additional renewable local electricity (MA Class I RECs) | 11.00                 | Additional renewable electricity (MA Class I RECs) | 72.29      | 2020<br>2020<br>2020                 | Efficient Resource (Maine) Fuel Cell Ground-And-Water-Source | 0.16<br>0.37<br>0.07           |
| Remaining System<br>Mix                                  | 61.29                 |  |            | 2020<br>2020                         | Pump<br>Hydroelectric/Hydropower<br>Jet                      | 7.61<br>0.01                   |
| Total  | 100.00                | Total  | 100.00     | 2020                                 | Landfill Gas   | 0.55                           |
| Arlington Premium 50% Green - Optional                   |                       | Arlington Basic - Optional                         |            | 2020<br>2020                         | Liquid Biofuels  Municipal Solid Waste                       | 0.45<br>0.69                   |
| MA Renewable<br>Portfolio Standard<br>Requirements       | 27.71                 | MA Renewable<br>Portfolio Standard<br>Requirements | 27.71      | 2020<br>2020<br>2020<br>2020<br>2020 | Natural Gas Nuclear Oil Solar Photovoltaic                   | 42.98<br>27.33<br>5.05<br>4.00 |
| Additional renewable electricity (MA Class I RECs)       | 50.00                 | Remaining System<br>Mix                            | 72.29      | 2020<br>2020<br>2020<br>2020         | Solar Photovoltaic Solar Thermal Trash-to-Energy Wind        | 0.02<br>2.46<br>3.34           |
| Remaining System<br>Mix                                  | 22.29                 |  |            | 2020                                 | Wood<br>Total  | 1.13                           |
| Total  | 100.00                | Total  | 100.00     |                                      |  |                                |

#### Standard Customers: Arlington Local Green (11% Local Renewable Energy)

Meets state minimum requirements for renewable electricity but does not include any additional renewable electricity. 27.71% to meet minimum Massachusetts state requirements (MA Class I RECs to meet RPS requirements) and 11% local renewable electricity (MA Class I RECs), voluntarily. 61.29% from tradition, non-renewable energy generation sources.

### Optional Rate Customers: Arlington Premium 50% & 100% Local Green - Additional Green Options

100% renewable electricity, 27.71% to meet the minimum Massachusetts state requirements (MA Class I RECs to meet RPS requirements) and 72.29% additional renewable electricity (MA Class I RECs), added voluntarily. 50% renewable energy, 27.71% to meet the minimum Massachusetts state requirements (MA Class I RECs to meet RPS requirements) and 22.29% from tradition, non-renewable energy generation sources.

#### **Optional Rate Customers: Arlington Basic**

Meets state minimum requirements for renewable electricity but does not include any additional renewable electricity. 27.71% to meet minimum Massachusetts state requirements (MA Class I RECs to meet RPS requirements). 72.29% from tradition, non-renewable energy generation sources.



# **AIR EMISSIONS**

Emissions for each of the following pollutants are based on System Mix data by the New England Power Pool (NEPOOL) and ISO New England for the most current data reporting period.

| Emission Type                     | Lbs. per MWh |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)             | 0.81         |  |  |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ) | 0.55         |  |  |
| Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) | 760.62       |  |  |

| LABOR INFORMATION         | REGIONAL AVERAGE GENERA   | TION RESOURCE LABOR CHARAC              | TERISTICS          |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|---|--------------------|--|--|
|                           | January 1, through December 31, 2016, Provided by ISO New England Inc.  |   |                    |  |  |
|                           | Generating Workforce  | Output (MWH)                            | %                  |  |  |
|                           | Collective Bargaining   | 36,593,812                              | 32%                |  |  |
|                           | Non-Collective Bargaining Total   | 76,609,202<br>113,203,014               | 68%<br>100%        |  |  |
| GENERATION PRICE CONTRACT | Generation prices do not include regulated of are billed by your local distribution company   |   | ery. Those charges |  |  |
| POWER SOURCES             | The electricity you consume comes from the New England power grid, which receives power from a variety of power plants and transmits the power throughout the region as needed to meet the requirements of all customers in New England. When you choose a power supplier, that supplier is responsible for generating and/or purchasing power that is added to the power grid in an amount equivalent to your electricity use. Known Resources include resources that are owned by, or under contract to, the supplier. System Power represents power purchased in the regional electricity market. Biomass refers to power plants that are fueled by wood or other plant matter. Hydro resources of greater than 30 megawatts in size are deemed "large hydro." All other hydro resources are deemed "small hydro." Other Renewables include fuel cells utilizing renewable fuel sources, landfill gas and ocean thermal. |   |                    |  |  |
| EMISSIONS                 | Emissions for each of the following pollutants are presented as a percent of the regional average emission rate. Arrows represent, for each pollutant, the emission rate from a hypothetical new generation facility.   |   |                    |  |  |
|                           | <ul> <li>Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) is released when fossil fuels (e.g., coal, oil and natural gas) are burned.</li> <li>Carbon dioxide, a greenhouse gas, is a major contributor to global warming.</li> </ul>  |   |                    |  |  |
|                           | Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) form when fossil fuels and biomass are burned at high<br>temperatures. They contribute to acid rain and ground-level ozone (or smog) and may cause<br>respiratory illness in children with frequent high-level exposure. NOx also contribute to oxygen<br>deprivation of lakes and coastal waters, which is destructive to fish and other animal life.  |   |                    |  |  |
|                           | Sulfur Dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> ) is formed when fuels containing sulfur are burned, primarily coal and oil. Major health effects associated with SO <sub>2</sub> include asthma, respiratory illness and aggravation of existing cardiovascular disease. SO <sub>2</sub> combines with water and oxygen in the atmosphere to form acid rain, which raises the acid level of lakes and streams, and accelerates the decay of buildings and monuments.   |   |                    |  |  |
| LABOR DATA                | The information on this label regarding whether generators or suppliers operate under collective bargaining agreements is provided to inform you about whether the energy was produced in plan where employee wages and working conditions are mutually determined by employees ar management and protected by union contracts. The information on this label regarding the use replacement employees during a labor dispute is provided to inform you of whether a generator supplier during a strike by or lockout of its employees has replaced them with other workers.   |   |                    |  |  |
| RENEWABLE ENERGY CONTENT  | ** New Renewable energy projects are those  | e projects that came into commercial of | operation after    |  |  |

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